

# Ultimaker PC

## Technical data sheet

### General overview

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<b>Chemical composition</b>	See Ultimaker PC safety data sheet, section 3
<b>Description</b>	With Ultimaker PC filament, you can print strong and tough parts that retain dimensional stability when subjected to temperatures as high as 111 °C. Our PC is engineered to be printed at moderate temperatures compared to other PC filaments and shows minimized warping to provide a seamless 3D printing experience
<b>Key features</b>	High strength, good temperature resistance and dimensionally stable. With strong interlayer bonding and good bed adhesion. Allows printing of translucent parts.
<b>Applications</b>	Lighting, molds, engineering parts, tools, functional prototyping, and short-run manufacturing
<b>Non-suitable for</b>	Food contact and in vivo applications. Applications where the printed part is exposed to temperatures higher than 111 °C

### Filament specifications

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	<b>Method (standard)</b>	<b>Value</b>
<b>Diameter</b>	-	2.85 ± 0.05 mm
<b>Max roundness deviation</b>	-	0.05 mm
<b>Net filament weight</b>	-	750 gr
<b>Filament length</b>	-	~ 99 m

### Color information

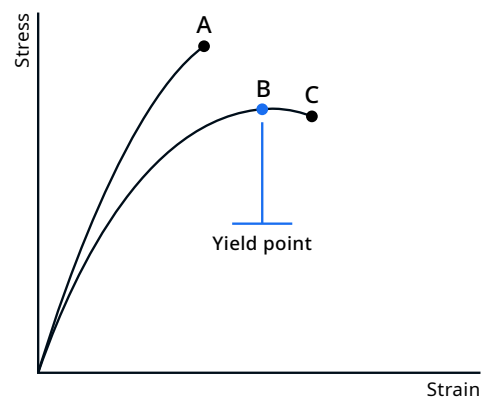
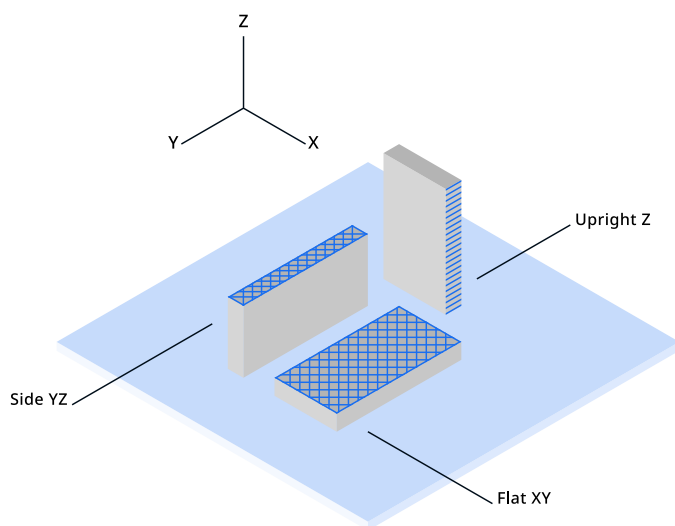
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<b>Color</b> Transparent	<b>Color code</b> N/A
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# Mechanical properties

All samples were 3D printed. See 'Notes' section for details.

	Test method	Typical value		
		XY (Flat)	YZ (Side)	Z (Up)
Tensile (Young's) modulus	ASTM D3039 (1 mm / min)	2648 ± 108 MPa	2625 ± 66 MPa	2464 ± 270 MPa
Tensile stress at yield	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	68.8 ± 2.8 MPa	73.23 ± 0.8 MPa	No yield
Tensile stress at break	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	59.3 ± 7.8 MPa	65.6 ± 4.6 MPa	34.5 ± 6.7 MPa
Elongation at yield	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	7.0 ± 0.3%	6.7 ± 0.2%	No yield
Elongation at break	ASTM D3039 (5 mm / min)	7.7 ± 0.4%	7.3 ± 0.2%	2.3 ± 0.6%
Flexural modulus	ISO 178 (1 mm / min)	1879 ± 68 Mpa	2225 ± 89 MPa	2185 ± 74 MPa
Flexural strength	ISO 178 (5 mm / min)	109.7 ± 3.9 MPa at 7.3% strain	114.3 ± 4.3 MPa at 6.6% strain	85.8 ± 9.5 MPa at 4.0% strain
Flexural strain at break	ISO 178 (5 mm / min)	No break (>10%)	No break (>10%)	4.0 ± 0.5%
Charpy impact strength (at 23 °C)	ISO 179-1 / 1eB (notched)	6.0 ± 0.9 kJ/m <sup>2</sup>	-	-
Hardness	ISO 7619-1 (Durometer, Shore D)	85 Shore D	-	-



- A. Tensile stress at break, elongation at break (no yield point)
- B. Tensile stress at yield, elongation at yield
- C. Tensile stress at break, elongation at break

## Print orientation

As the FFF process produces part in a layered structure, mechanical properties of the part vary depending on orientation of the part. In-plane there are differences between walls (following the contours of the part) and infill (layer of 45° lines). These differences can be seen in the the data for XY (printed flat on the build plate - mostly infill) and YZ (printed on its side - mostly walls). Additionally, the upright samples (Z direction) give information on the strength of the interlayer adhesion of the material. Typically the interlayer strength (Z) has the lowest strength in FFF.

Note: All samples are printed with 100% infill - blue lines in the illustration indicate typical directionality of infill and walls in a printed part.

## Tensile properties

Printed parts can yield before they break, where the material is deforming (necking) before it breaks completely. When this is the case, both the yield and break points will be reported. Typical materials that yield before breaking are materials with high toughness like Tough PLA, Nylon and CPE+.

If the material simply breaks without yielding, only the break point will be reported. This is the case for brittle materials like PLA and PC Transparent, as well as elastomers (like TPU).

## Thermal properties

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Samples marked with an asterisk (\*) were 3D printed. See 'Notes' section for details.

	Test Method	Typical value
Melt mass-flow rate (MFR)	ISO 1133 (190 °C, 2.16 kg)	32-35 g / 10 min
Heat deflection (HDT) at 0.455 MPa*	ISO 75-2 / B	110.5 ± 0.5 °C
Vicat softening temperature*	ISO 306 / A120	120.4 ± 0.4 °C
Glass transition	ISO 11357 (DSC, 10 °C / min)	111.2 °C
Melting temperature	ISO 11357 (DSC, 10 °C / min)	-(amorphous)

## Other properties

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Specific gravity	ASTM D792	1.18-1.20 g / cm <sup>3</sup>
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## Notes

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\*3D Printing: all samples were printed using a new spool of material loaded in an Ultimaker S5 Pro bundle with engineering intent profiles using 0.15 mm layer height with AA0.4 printcore and 100% infill, using Ultimaker Cura 4.9. Samples were printed 'one-at-a-time'. Printed samples were conditioned in room temperature for at least 24h before measuring.

Specimen dimensions (L x W x H):

- Tensile test: 215 x 20 x 4 mm
- Flexural/Vicat/HDT: 80 x 10 x 4 mm
- Charpy: 80 x 10 x 4 mm with printed Notch (Type 1eB)

## Disclaimer

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